# Brain and Lung Tumor and Air Pollution Foundation

21865 Copley Drive • Diamond Bar CA 91765

Michael D. Antonovich, Chair

Dennis Yates, Vice Chair

# REQUEST FOR PROPOSALS Research Studies Related to Brain and Lung Tumors RFP # BLTAPF-1

July 10, 2015

The Brain & Lung Tumor and Air Pollution Foundation (Foundation) requests proposals for the following purpose in accordance with the following terms and conditions. In the preparation of this Request for Proposals (RFP), the words "Proposer," "Firm," "Contractor," and "Consultant" are used interchangeably.

#### **PURPOSE**

The purpose of this Request for Proposals is to solicit research proposals related to the incidence, detection, causes and cures of brain and lung tumors, especially those caused or aggravated by air pollution.

It is anticipated that the total funding available for projects arising from this RFP will be about \$2,500,000. It is envisioned that more than one project may be funded under this solicitation. However, the Foundation Board of Directors reserves the right to reject any or all proposals at its sole discretion.

# SECTION I: <u>BACKGROUND/INFORMATION</u>

In February 2003, the SCAQMD Governing Board directed staff to establish the Brain & Lung Tumor and Air Pollution Foundation to implement an initiative by the Board Chairman to fund research into the potential connections between air pollution and brain cancer. The mission of the Foundation is to support research studies on the association between air pollution and brain and lung tumors, as well as research for the development of novel therapeutics.

The Directors of the Foundation are:

- Michael Antonovich, Chairman
- Dr. William A. Burke
- Dr. Clark E. Parker, Sr.
- Dennis Yates, Vice Chairman

Directors: Dr. William A. Burke and Dr. Clark E. Parker, Sr.

The Officers of the Foundation are:

- Barry Wallerstein, Chief Executive Officer
- Denise Whitcher, Secretary
- Mike O'Kelly, Treasurer

# SECTION II: CONTACT PERSON:

Questions regarding the content or intent of this RFP or on procedural matters should be addressed to:

Jean Ospital, Health Effects Officer SCAQMD 21865 Copley Drive Diamond Bar, CA 91765 (909) 396-2582

# SECTION III: PROPOSED SCHEDULE OF EVENTS

July 10, 2015

October 9, 2015 (no later than 5:15 p.m.)

December, 2015

January, 2016

RFP Released

Proposals Due

Foundation Review

Anticipated Contract

Award

# SECTION IV: PARTICIPATION IN THE PROCUREMENT PROCESS

For the purposes of this RFP, the Foundation will make every effort and take any appropriate action to ensure that all businesses, including minority business enterprises, women business enterprises, disabled veteran business enterprises and small businesses, have a fair and equitable opportunity to compete for and participate in contracts.

# SECTION V: STATEMENT OF WORK/SCHEDULE OF DELIVERABLES

Statement of Work

Applicants should provide a detailed scope of work for the proposed project and services. This should include the following:

- Goals and objectives
- Tasks to be conducted
- A time schedule for milestones
- The project management structure
- A detailed budget

The proposal should include a description of how the proposed project would be expected to improve the health of residents of the South Coast Air Basin and expand the scientific knowledge related to air pollution and tumors, with appropriate review of scientific literature and references that would support the proposed approach.

Additionally, applicants must provide a description of their qualifications to provide the services proposed. This would include the qualifications of personnel and relevant training, description of previous work and experience, and appropriate references.

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#### Schedule of Deliverables (TO BE DETERMINED BY INDIVIDUAL TASK ORDER)

# SECTION VI: REQUIRED QUALIFICATIONS

- A. Persons or firms proposing to bid on this proposal must be qualified and experienced in the provision of services proposed.
- B. Proposer must submit the following:
  - 1. Resumes or similar statement of qualifications of person or persons who may be designated as lead in delivery of the program.
  - 2. Summary of proposer's qualifications to meet and fulfill statement of work.
  - 3. Summary of other relevant experience and training.

# SECTION VII: PROPOSAL SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS

Submitted proposals must follow the format outlined below, and all requested information must be supplied. Failure to submit proposals in the required format will result in elimination from proposal evaluation. The cost for developing the proposal is the responsibility of the Contractor, and shall not be chargeable to the Foundation.

Each proposal must be submitted in three separate parts:

- Part I Technical Proposal
- Part II Cost Proposal
- Part III Certifications and Representations included in Attachment A to this RFP must be completed and executed by an authorized official of the Contractor.

A separate cover letter including the name, address, and telephone number of the contractor, signed by the person or persons authorized to represent the firm, should accompany the proposal submission. Firm contact information as follows should also be included in the cover letter:

- 1. Address and telephone number of office in, or nearest to, Diamond Bar, California.
- 2. Name and title of firm's representative designated as contact (include address, phone number and e-mail address).

The cover letter should also include the following information:

- RFP No.
- Principal Investigator (if applicable)
- Type of Request
- Title of Project or Study

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- Amount Requested
- Period of Support

# PART I - TECHNICAL PROPOSAL

<u>Summary (Section A)</u> - State overall approach to meeting the objectives and satisfying the scope of work to be performed, the sequence of activities, and a description of methodology or techniques to be used.

<u>Program Schedule (Section B)</u> - Provide projected milestones or benchmarks for submitting reports within the total time allowed.

<u>Project Organization (Section C)</u> - Describe the proposed management structure, program monitoring procedures, and organization of the proposed team.

Qualifications (Section D) - Describe the technical capabilities of the firm. Provide references of other similar activities performed during the last five years demonstrating ability to successfully complete the project. Include contact name, title, and telephone number for any references listed. Provide a statement of your firm's background and experience in performing similar projects for other governmental organizations. Indicate whether your firm is a charitable organization under section 170(c) of the Internal Revenue Code and, if so, describe how the proposed project will further your charitable purposes.

<u>Assigned Personnel (Section E)</u> - Provide the following information on the staff to be assigned to this project:

- List all key personnel assigned to the project by level and name. Provide a
  resume or similar statement of the qualifications of the lead person and all
  persons assigned to the project. Substitution of project manager or lead
  personnel will not be permitted without prior written approval from the
  Foundation.
- 2. Provide a spreadsheet of the labor hours proposed for each labor category at the task level.
- Provide a statement of the education and training program provided by, or required of, the staff identified for participation in the project, particularly with reference to management consulting, governmental practices and procedures, and technical matters.
- 4. Provide a summary of your firm's general qualifications to meet required qualifications and fulfill statement of work, including additional firm personnel and resources beyond those who may be assigned to the project.

<u>Subcontractors (Section F)</u> - This project may require expertise in multiple technical areas. List any subcontractors that may be used and the work to be performed by them.

<u>Additional Data (Section G)</u> - Provide other essential data that may assist in the evaluation of this proposal.

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# PART II - COST PROPOSAL

Cost information must be provided in detail as listed below in order to assist in the evaluation of this proposal:

- A. <u>Labor</u> List the total number of hours and the hourly billing rate for each level of professional staff. A breakdown of the proposed billing rates must identify the direct labor rate, overhead rate and amount, fringe benefit rate and amount, General and Administrative rate and amount, and proposed profit or fee. Provide a basis of estimate justifying the proposed labor hours and proposed labor mix.
- B. <u>Subcontractor Costs</u> List subcontractor costs and identify subcontractors by name. Itemize subcontractor charges per hour or per day.
- C. <u>Travel Costs</u> Indicate amount of travel cost and basis of estimate to include trip destination, purpose of trip, length of trip, airline fare or mileage expense, per diem costs, lodging and car rental.
- D. Other Direct Costs This category may include such items as postage and mailing expense, printing and reproduction costs, etc. Provide a basis of estimate for these costs.

#### PART III - CERTIFICATIONS AND REPRESENTATIONS

Proposers must complete the Certifications and Representations provided as Attachment A, which requires disclosure of any possible conflict of interest or other matters that may affect the awarding of a grant to Proposer.

# SECTION VIII: PROPOSAL SUBMISSION

All proposals must be submitted according to specifications set forth in the section above. Failure to adhere to these specifications may be cause for rejection of proposal.

<u>Signature</u> - All proposals should be signed by an authorized representative of the Proposer.

<u>Due Date</u> - The Proposer shall submit one original and four (4) complete copies of the proposal, and an electronic copy on a CD, in a sealed envelope, plainly marked in the upper left-hand corner with the name and address of the Proposer and the words "Request for Proposals – BLTPAF/South Coast AQMD." All proposals are due no later than 5:15 p.m. on October 9, 2015, and should be directed to:

Barry Wallerstein, Executive Officer Brain & Lung Tumor and Air Pollution Foundation South Coast Air Quality Management District 21865 Copley Drive Diamond Bar, CA 91765-4178

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Late bids/proposals will not be accepted. Any correction or resubmission done by the Proposer will not extend the submittal due date.

Grounds for Rejection - A proposal may be immediately rejected if:

- It is received at any time after the exact date and time set for receipt of proposals;
- It is not prepared in the format described; or
- It is signed by an individual not authorized to represent the Firm.

<u>Bid Protest Procedure -</u> The Bid Protest Procedure provides a process for a Bidder or prospective Bidder to submit a written protest in recognition of two types of protests: Protest Regarding Solicitation and Protest Regarding Award of a Contract. Copies of the Bid Protest Policy can be secured through a request to SCAQMD Procurement Department.

<u>Disposition of Proposals</u> – The Foundation reserves the right to reject any or all proposals. All proposals become the property of the Foundation and are subject to the California Public Records Act.

<u>Modification</u> - Once submitted, proposals cannot be altered without the prior written consent of the Foundation.

# SECTION IX: PROPOSAL EVALUATION/CONTRACTOR SELECTION CRITERIA

Proposals will be evaluated for merit by a panel selected by Foundation staff and the panel will make a recommendation regarding possible selection by the Foundation Board. The Foundation may choose to fund one or more projects, or may choose not to fund any projects, based on the review of the proposals. The available funding will not exceed \$2,500,000.

Criteria for evaluating proposals include the following:

Criteria	Points
Understanding the Problem	15
Technical/Management Approach	20
Contractor Qualifications	20
Previous Experience on Similar Projects	15
Cost (total cost and cost effectiveness)	30
Total	100

- A. During the selection process the Foundation may wish to interview some Proposers for clarification purposes.
- B. The Foundation may select a Proposer other than the Proposer receiving the highest rating in the event the Foundation determines that another proposer

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- from among those technically qualified would provide the best value to the Foundation considering cost and technical factors.
- C. The selection will be made by the Foundation based on the abovedescribed criteria and rating factors. All Proposers will be notified of the results by letter.
- D. The Foundation may select more than one Proposer if, in its sole judgment, the purposes of the award would best be served by selecting multiple Proposers.

# SECTION X: FUNDING

The total funding available for the work contemplated by this RFP will be about \$2,500,000. Work will be defined on an individual task order basis or a net cost of project. Due to the indefinite nature of the work, the actual contract amount cannot be determined at this time.

# SECTION XI: CONTRACT

Proposers selected for funding will be required to execute a contract with the Foundation. All bid documents and representations made through the bid process will be incorporated therein.

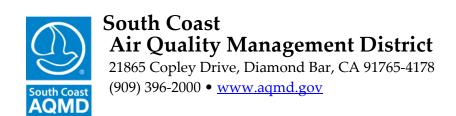
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# **ATTACHMENT A**

# **CERTIFICATION AND REPRESENTATIONS**

- Business Information Request
- Disadvantaged Business Certification
- Form W-9 Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification
- Form 590 Withholding Exemption Certificate
- Federal Contract Debarment Certification
- Campaign Contributions Disclosure
- Direct Deposit Authorization

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**Business Name** 

# **BUSINESS INFORMATION REQUEST**

Division of										
Subsidiary of										
Website Address										
Type of Business Check One:			Corpora LLC/LLP,	me tion, ID No ID No						
	REMITTING ADDRESS INFORMATION									
Address										
City/Town										
State/Province					Zip					
Phone	(	)	-	Ext	Fax	(	)	-		
Contact					Title					
E-mail Address	_									 
Payment Name if Different										

All invoices must reference the corresponding Purchase Order Number(s)/Contract Number(s) if applicable and mailed to:

Attention: Accounts Payable, Accounting Department
South Coast Air Quality Management District
21865 Copley Drive
Diamond Bar, CA 91765-4178

# **DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS CERTIFICATION**

Federal guidance for utilization of disadvantaged business enterprises allows a vendor to be deemed a small business enterprise (SBE), minority

business enterprise (MBE) or women business enterprise (WBE) if it meets the criteria below.

• is certified by the Small Business Administration or

☐ Small Business Enterprise/Small Business Joint Venture

TELEPHONE NUMBER

Local business

☐ Minority-owned Business Enterprise

is certified by a state or federal agency or

Statements of certification:

• is an independent MBE(s) or WBE(s) business concern which is at least 51 percent owned and controlled by minority group member(s) who are citizens of the United States.

fait affi	a prime contractor to SCAQMD,(name of business) will engage in good the efforts to achieve the fair share in accordance with 40 CFR Section 33.301, and will follow the six irmative steps listed below for contracts or purchase orders funded in whole or in part by federal grants and intracts.
1.	Place qualified SBEs, MBEs, and WBEs on solicitation lists.
2.	Assure that SBEs, MBEs, and WBEs are solicited whenever possible.
3.	When economically feasible, divide total requirements into small tasks or quantities to permit greater participation by SBEs, MBEs, and WBEs.
4.	Establish delivery schedules, if possible, to encourage participation by SBEs, MBEs, and WBEs.
5.	Use services of Small Business Administration, Minority Business Development Agency of the Department of Commerce, and/or any agency authorized as a clearinghouse for SBEs, MBEs, and WBEs.
6.	If subcontracts are to be let, take the above affirmative steps.
Self	-Certification Verification: Also for use in awarding additional points, as applicable, in accordance with SCAQMD Procurement Policy and Procedure:
eck	all that apply:

☐ Women-owned Business Enterprise

☐ Disabled Veteran-owned Business Enterprise/DVBE Joint Venture

DATE

#### **Definitions**

Disabled Veteran-Owned Business Enterprise means a business that meets all of the following criteria:

- is a sole proprietorship or partnership of which is at least 51 percent owned by one or more disabled veterans, or in the case of any business whose stock is publicly held, at least 51 percent of the stock is owned by one or more disabled veterans; a subsidiary which is wholly owned by a parent corporation but only if at least 51 percent of the voting stock of the parent corporation is owned by one or more disabled veterans; or a joint venture in which at least 51 percent of the joint venture's management and control and earnings are held by one or more disabled veterans.
- the management and control of the daily business operations are by one or more disabled veterans. The disabled veterans who exercise management and control are not required to be the same disabled veterans as the owners of the business.
- is a sole proprietorship, corporation, partnership, or joint venture with its primary headquarters office located in the United States and which is not a branch or subsidiary of a foreign corporation, firm, or other foreign-based business.

**Joint Venture** means that one party to the joint venture is a DVBE and owns at least 51 percent of the joint venture. In the case of a joint venture formed for a single project this means that DVBE will receive at least 51 percent of the project dollars.

Local Business means a business that meets all of the following criteria:

- has an ongoing business within the boundary of SCAQMD at the time of bid application.
- performs 90 percent of the work within SCAQMD's jurisdiction.

Minority-Owned Business Enterprise means a business that meets all of the following criteria:

- is at least 51 percent owned by one or more minority persons or in the case of any business whose stock is publicly held, at least 51 percent of the stock is owned by one or more minority persons.
- is a business whose management and daily business operations are controlled or owned by one or more minority person.
- is a business which is a sole proprietorship, corporation, partnership, joint venture, an
  association, or a cooperative with its primary headquarters office located in the United
  States, which is not a branch or subsidiary of a foreign corporation, foreign firm, or other
  foreign business.

"Minority" person means a Black American, Hispanic American, Native American (including American Indian, Eskimo, Aleut, and Native Hawaiian), Asian-Indian American (including a person whose origins are from India, Pakistan, or Bangladesh), Asian-Pacific American (including a person whose origins are from Japan, China, the Philippines, Vietnam, Korea, Samoa, Guam, the United States Trust Territories of the Pacific, Northern Marianas, Laos, Cambodia, or Taiwan).

Small Business Enterprise means a business that meets the following criteria:

- a. 1) an independently owned and operated business; 2) not dominant in its field of operation; 3) together with affiliates is either:
  - A service, construction, or non-manufacturer with 100 or fewer employees, and average annual gross receipts of ten million dollars (\$10,000,000) or less over the previous three years, or
  - A manufacturer with 100 or fewer employees.
- b. Manufacturer means a business that is both of the following:
  - 1) Primarily engaged in the chemical or mechanical transformation of raw materials or processed substances into new products.

2) Classified between Codes 311000 to 339000, inclusive, of the North American Industrial Classification System (NAICS) Manual published by the United States Office of Management and Budget, 2007 edition.

**Small Business Joint Venture** means that one party to the joint venture is a Small Business and owns at least 51 percent of the joint venture. In the case of a joint venture formed for a single project this means that the Small Business will receive at least 51 percent of the project dollars.

Women-Owned Business Enterprise means a business that meets all of the following criteria:

- is at least 51 percent owned by one or more women or in the case of any business whose stock is publicly held, at least 51 percent of the stock is owned by one or more women.
- is a business whose management and daily business operations are controlled or owned by one or more women.
- is a business which is a sole proprietorship, corporation, partnership, or a joint venture, with its primary headquarters office located in the United States, which is not a branch or subsidiary of a foreign corporation, foreign firm, or other foreign business.

# Form (Rev. December 2014) Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Seption

# Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

Give Form to the requester. Do not send to the IRS.

	11040	THE COTTO									
	1 N	lame (as shown on your income tax return). Name is required on this line; do not leave this line blank.									
page 2.	2 E	Business name/disregarded entity name, if different from above									
S on	3 Check appropriate box for federal tax classification; check only one of the following seven boxes:  ☐ Individual/sole proprietor or ☐ C Corporation ☐ S Corporation ☐ Partnership ☐ Trust/estate single-member LLC						Exemptions (codes apply only to certain entities, not individuals; see instructions on page 3):     Exempt payee code (if any)				
ĕ₹		Limited liability company. Enter the tax classification (C=C corporation, S=S corporation, P=partnership)					Exemption from FATCA reporting				
Print or type Instruction		Note. For a single-member LLC that is disregarded, do not check LLC; check the appropriate box in the tax classification of the single-member owner.	n the line	above fo	r	ode (if a		IFAIC	A repo	rung	
급등		Other (see instructions) ►			(A)	pplies to ac	counts n	naintaine	d outside	the U.S.	)
pecifi	5 A	ddress (number, street, and apt. or suite no.)	Request	ter's nam	ne and	addres	s (opti	onal)			
See <b>S</b>	6 0	City, state, and ZIP code									
	7 L	ist account number(s) here (optional)									
Par	tΙ	Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)									
		TIN in the appropriate box. The TIN provided must match the name given on line 1 to av		Social	secur	ity num	ber				
		thholding. For individuals, this is generally your social security number (SSN). However, fi lien, sole proprietor, or disregarded entity, see the Part I instructions on page 3. For other									
		is your employer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see <i>How to ge</i>									
TIN o	n pa	ge 3.		or							
Note.	If th	e account is in more than one name, see the instructions for line 1 and the chart on page	4 for	Employ	yer ide	entificat	tion nu	umber			
guide	ines	on whose number to enter.			] [						
					_						
Par	tIII	Certification									
Under	per	alties of perjury, I certify that:									
1. Th	e nu	mber shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for	a numb	er to be	issu	ed to n	ne); ar	nd			
Se	rvice	ot subject to backup withholding because: (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b e (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest per subject to backup withholding; and									
3. I a	m a l	U.S. citizen or other U.S. person (defined below); and									
4. The	FAT	TCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that I am exempt from FATCA reporting	ng is con	ect.							
becau intere gener	ise y st pa ally,	ion instructions. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS to have failed to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate transid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to payments other than interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the certification, is on page 3.	actions, o an ind	item 2 ( ividual r	does etirer	not app ment ar	ply. Fo	or mo ement	tgage (IRA),	and	g
Sign Here		Signature of U.S. person ► Da	ate ►								

#### **General Instructions**

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

Future developments. Information about developments affecting Form W-9 (such as legislation enacted after we release it) is at www.irs.gov/fw9.

#### Purpose of Form

An individual or entity (Form W-9 requester) who is required to file an information return with the IRS must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN) which may be your social security number (SSN), individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN), adoption taxpayer identification number (ATIN), or employer identification number (EIN), to report on an information return the amount paid to you, or other amount reportable on an information return. Examples of information returns include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Form 1099-INT (interest earned or paid)
- Form 1099-DIV (dividends, including those from stocks or mutual funds)
- Form 1099-MISC (various types of income, prizes, awards, or gross proceeds)
- Form 1099-B (stock or mutual fund sales and certain other transactions by brokers)
- . Form 1099-S (proceeds from real estate transactions)
- . Form 1099-K (merchant card and third party network transactions)

- Form 1098 (home mortgage interest), 1098-E (student loan interest), 1098-T (tuition)
- Form 1099-C (canceled debt)
- . Form 1099-A (acquisition or abandonment of secured property)

Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alien), to provide your correct TIN.

If you do not return Form W-9 to the requester with a TIN, you might be subject to backup withholding. See What is backup withholding? on page 2.

By signing the filled-out form, you:

- 1. Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued),  $\,$ 
  - 2. Certify that you are not subject to backup withholding, or
- 3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee. If applicable, you are also certifying that as a U.S. person, your allocable share of any partnership income from a U.S. trade or business is not subject to the withholding tax on foreign partners' share of effectively connected income, and
- 4. Certify that FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that you are exempt from the FATCA reporting, is correct. See What is FATCA reporting? on page 2 for further information.

Form W-9 (Rev. 12-2014) Page 2

Note. If you are a U.S. person and a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

**Definition of a U.S. person.** For federal tax purposes, you are considered a U.S. person if you are:

- . An individual who is a U.S. citizen or U.S. resident alien;
- A partnership, corporation, company, or association created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States;
- . An estate (other than a foreign estate); or
- A domestic trust (as defined in Regulations section 301.7701-7).

Special rules for partnerships. Partnerships that conduct a trade or business in the United States are generally required to pay a withholding tax under section 1446 on any foreign partners' share of effectively connected taxable income from such business. Further, in certain cases where a Form W-9 has not been received, the rules under section 1446 require a partnership to presume that a partner is a foreign person, and pay the section 1446 withholding tax. Therefore, if you are a U.S. person that is a partner in a partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States, provide Form W-9 to the partnership to establish your U.S. status and avoid section 1446 withholding on your share of partnership income.

In the cases below, the following person must give Form W-9 to the partnership for purposes of establishing its U.S. status and avoiding withholding on its allocable share of net income from the partnership conducting a trade or business in the United States:

- In the case of a disregarded entity with a U.S. owner, the U.S. owner of the disregarded entity and not the entity;
- In the case of a grantor trust with a U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner, generally, the U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner of the grantor trust and not the trust; and
- In the case of a U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust), the U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust) and not the beneficiaries of the trust.

Foreign person. If you are a foreign person or the U.S. branch of a foreign bank that has elected to be treated as a U.S. person, do not use Form W-9. Instead, use the appropriate Form W-8 or Form 8233 (see Publication 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities).

Nonresident alien who becomes a resident alien. Generally, only a nonresident alien individual may use the terms of a tax treaty to reduce or eliminate U.S. tax on certain types of income. However, most tax treaties contain a provision known as a "saving clause." Exceptions specified in the saving clause may permit an exemption from tax to continue for certain types of income even after the payee has otherwise become a U.S. resident alien for tax purposes.

If you are a U.S. resident alien who is relying on an exception contained in the saving clause of a tax treaty to claim an exemption from U.S. tax on certain types of income, you must attach a statement to Form W-9 that specifies the following five items:

- The treaty country. Generally, this must be the same treaty under which you claimed exemption from tax as a nonresident alien.
- 2. The treaty article addressing the income.
- The article number (or location) in the tax treaty that contains the saving clause and its exceptions.
- 4. The type and amount of income that qualifies for the exemption from tax.
- Sufficient facts to justify the exemption from tax under the terms of the treaty article.

Example. Article 20 of the U.S.-China income tax treaty allows an exemption from tax for scholarship income received by a Chinese student temporarily present in the United States. Under U.S. law, this student will become a resident alien for tax purposes if his or her stay in the United States exceeds 5 calendar years. However, paragraph 2 of the first Protocol to the U.S.-China treaty (dated April 30, 1984) allows the provisions of Article 20 to continue to apply even after the Chinese student becomes a resident alien of the United States. A Chinese student who qualifies for this exception (under paragraph 2 of the first protocol) and is relying on this exception to claim an exemption from tax on his or her scholarship or fellowship income would attach to Form W-9 a statement that includes the information described above to support that exemption.

If you are a nonresident alien or a foreign entity, give the requester the appropriate completed Form W-8 or Form 8233.

#### **Backup Withholding**

What is backup withholding? Persons making certain payments to you must under certain conditions withhold and pay to the IRS 28% of such payments. This is called "backup withholding." Payments that may be subject to backup withholding include interest, tax-exempt interest, dividends, broker and barter exchange transactions, rents, royalties, nonemployee pay, payments made in settlement of payment card and third party network transactions, and certain payments from fishing boat operators. Real estate transactions are not subject to backup withholding.

You will not be subject to backup withholding on payments you receive if you give the requester your correct TIN, make the proper certifications, and report all your taxable interest and dividends on your tax return.

#### Payments you receive will be subject to backup withholding if:

- 1. You do not furnish your TIN to the requester,
- You do not certify your TIN when required (see the Part II instructions on page 3 for details).

- 3. The IRS tells the requester that you furnished an incorrect TIN.
- The IRS tells you that you are subject to backup withholding because you did not report all your interest and dividends on your tax return (for reportable interest and dividends only), or
- You do not certify to the requester that you are not subject to backup withholding under 4 above (for reportable interest and dividend accounts opened after 1983 only).

Certain payees and payments are exempt from backup withholding. See Exempt payee code on page 3 and the separate Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

Also see Special rules for partnerships above.

#### What is FATCA reporting?

The Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA) requires a participating foreign financial institution to report all United States account holders that are specified United States persons. Certain payees are exempt from FATCA reporting. See Exemption from FATCA reporting code on page 3 and the Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

#### **Updating Your Information**

You must provide updated information to any person to whom you claimed to be an exempt payee if you are no longer an exempt payee and anticipate receiving reportable payments in the future from this person. For example, you may need to provide updated information if you are a C corporation that elects to be an S corporation, or if you no longer are tax exempt. In addition, you must furnish a new Form W-9 if the name or TIN changes for the account; for example, if the grantor of a grantor trust dies.

#### **Penalties**

Failure to furnish TIN. If you fail to furnish your correct TIN to a requester, you are subject to a penalty of \$50 for each such failure unless your failure is due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

Civil penalty for false information with respect to withholding. If you make a false statement with no reasonable basis that results in no backup withholding, you are subject to a \$500 penalty.

Criminal penalty for falsifying information. Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

Misuse of TINs. If the requester discloses or uses TINs in violation of federal law, the requester may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

#### Specific Instructions

#### Line :

You must enter one of the following on this line; do not leave this line blank. The name should match the name on your tax return.

- If this Form W-9 is for a joint account, list first, and then circle, the name of the person or entity whose number you entered in Part I of Form W-9.
- a. Individual. Generally, enter the name shown on your tax return. If you have changed your last name without informing the Social Security Administration (SSA) of the name change, enter your first name, the last name as shown on your social security card, and your new last name.

Note. ITIN applicant: Enter your individual name as it was entered on your Form W-7 application, line 1a. This should also be the same as the name you entered on the Form 1040/1040A/1040EZ you filed with your application.

- b. Sole proprietor or single-member LLC. Enter your individual name as shown on your 1040/1040A/1040EZ on line 1. You may enter your business, trade, or "doing business as" (DBA) name on line 2.
- c. Partnership, LLC that is not a single-member LLC, C Corporation, or S Corporation. Enter the entity's name as shown on the entity's tax return on line 1 and any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.
- d. Other entities. Enter your name as shown on required U.S. federal tax documents on line 1. This name should match the name shown on the charter or other legal document creating the entity. You may enter any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.
- e. **Disregarded entity.** For U.S. federal tax purposes, an entity that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner is treated as a "disregarded entity." See Regulations section 301.7701-2(c)(2)(iii). Enter the owner's name on line 1. The name of the entity entered on line 1 should never be a disregarded entity. The name on line 1 should be the name shown on the income tax return on which the income should be reported. For example, if a foreign LLC that is treated as a disregarded entity for U.S. federal tax purposes has a single owner that is a U.S. person, the U.S. owner's name is required to be provided on line 1. If the direct owner of the entity is also a disregarded entity, enter the first owner that is not disregarded for federal tax purposes. Enter the disregarded entity's name on line 2, "Business name/disregarded entity name." If the owner of the disregarded entity is a foreign person, the owner must complete an appropriate Form W-8 instead of a Form W-9. This is the case even if the foreign person has a U.S. TIN.

Form W-9 (Rev. 12-2014) Page **3** 

#### l ina 2

If you have a business name, trade name, DBA name, or disregarded entity name, you may enter it on line 2.

#### Line 3

Check the appropriate box in line 3 for the U.S. federal tax classification of the person whose name is entered on line 1. Check only one box in line 3.

Limited Liability Company (LLC). If the name on line 1 is an LLC treated as a partnership for U.S. federal tax purposes, check the "Limited Liability Company" box and enter "P" in the space provided. If the LLC has filed Form 8832 or 2553 to be taxed as a corporation, check the "Limited Liability Company" box and in the space provided enter "C" for C corporation or "S" for S corporation. If it is a single-member LLC that is a disregarded entity, do not check the "Limited Liability Company" box; instead check the first box in line 3 "Individual/sole proprietor or single-member LLC."

#### Line 4, Exemptions

If you are exempt from backup withholding and/or FATCA reporting, enter in the appropriate space in line 4 any code(s) that may apply to you.

#### Exempt payee code

- Generally, individuals (including sole proprietors) are not exempt from backup withholding.
- Except as provided below, corporations are exempt from backup withholding for certain payments, including interest and dividends.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding for payments made in settlement of payment card or third party network transactions.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding with respect to attorneys' fees or gross proceeds paid to attorneys, and corporations that provide medical or health care services are not exempt with respect to payments reportable on Form 1099-MISC.

The following codes identify payees that are exempt from backup withholding. Enter the appropriate code in the space in line 4.

- 1—An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a), any IRA, or a custodial account under section 403(b)(7) if the account satisfies the requirements of section 401(f)(2)
  - 2-The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities
- 3—A state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or possession, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities
- 4—A foreign government or any of its political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities
- 5-A corporation
- 6—A dealer in securities or commodities required to register in the United States, the District of Columbia, or a U.S. commonwealth or possession
- 7—A futures commission merchant registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission
- 8-A real estate investment trust
- 9—An entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940
  - 10-A common trust fund operated by a bank under section 584(a)
  - 11-A financial institution
- 12 A middleman known in the investment community as a nominee or custodian
- 13-A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947

The following chart shows types of payments that may be exempt from backup withholding. The chart applies to the exempt payees listed above, 1 through 13.

IF the payment is for	THEN the payment is exempt for
Interest and dividend payments	All exempt payees except for 7
Broker transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4 and 6 through 11 and all C corporations. S corporations must not enter an exempt payee code because they are exempt only for sales of noncovered securities acquired prior to 2012.
Barter exchange transactions and patronage dividends	Exempt payees 1 through 4
Payments over \$600 required to be reported and direct sales over \$5,000 <sup>1</sup>	Generally, exempt payees 1 through 5 <sup>2</sup>
Payments made in settlement of payment card or third party network transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See Form 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Income, and its instructions.

<sup>2</sup> However, the following payments made to a corporation and reportable on Form 1099-MISC are not exempt from backup withholding: medical and health care payments, attorneys' fees, gross proceeds paid to an attorney reportable under section 6045(f), and payments for services paid by a federal executive agency.

Exemption from FATCA reporting code. The following codes identify payees that are exempt from reporting under FATCA. These codes apply to persons submitting this form for accounts maintained outside of the United States by certain foreign financial institutions. Therefore, if you are only submitting this form for an account you hold in the United States, you may leave this field blank. Consult with the person requesting this form if you are uncertain if the financial institution is subject to these requirements. A requester may indicate that a code is not required by providing you with a Form W-9 with "Not Applicable" (or any similar indication) written or printed on the line for a FATCA exemption code.

- A—An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a) or any individual retirement plan as defined in section 7701(a)(37)
  - B-The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities
- C—A state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or possession, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities
- D—A corporation the stock of which is regularly traded on one or more established securities markets, as described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i)
- E-A corporation that is a member of the same expanded affiliated group as a corporation described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i)
- F—A dealer in securities, commodities, or derivative financial instruments (including notional principal contracts, futures, forwards, and options) that is registered as such under the laws of the United States or any state
  - G-A real estate investment trust
- H—A regulated investment company as defined in section 851 or an entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940
  - I-A common trust fund as defined in section 584(a)
  - J-A bank as defined in section 581
  - K\_A broker
  - L-A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947(a)(1)
  - M-A tax exempt trust under a section 403(b) plan or section 457(g) plan

Note. You may wish to consult with the financial institution requesting this form to determine whether the FATCA code and/or exempt payee code should be completed.

#### Line 5

Enter your address (number, street, and apartment or suite number). This is where the requester of this Form W-9 will mail your information returns.

#### Line 6

Enter your city, state, and ZIP code.

#### Part I. Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

Enter your TIN in the appropriate box. If you are a resident alien and you do not have and are not eligible to get an SSN, your TIN is your IRS individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN). Enter it in the social security number box. If you do not have an ITIN, see How to get a TIN below.

If you are a sole proprietor and you have an EIN, you may enter either your SSN or EIN. However, the IRS prefers that you use your SSN.

If you are a single-member LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner (see Limited Liability Company (LLC) on this page), enter the owner's SSN (or EIN, if the owner has one). Do not enter the disregarded entity's EIN. If the LLC is classified as a corporation or partnership, enter the entity's EIN.

Note. See the chart on page 4 for further clarification of name and TIN combinations.

How to get a TIN. If you do not have a TIN, apply for one immediately. To apply for an SSN, get Form SS-5, Application for a Social Security Card, from your local SSA office or get this form online at www.ssa.gov. You may also get this form by calling 1-800-772-1213. Use Form W-7, Application for IRS Individual Taxpayer Identification Number, to apply for an ITIN, or Form SS-4, Application for Employer Identification Number, to apply for an EIN. You can apply for an EIN online by accessing the IRS website at www.irs.gov/businesses and clicking on Employer Identification Number (EIN) under Starting a Business. You can get Forms W-7 and SS-4 from the IRS by visiting IRS.gov or by calling 1-800-TAX-FORM (1-800-829-3676).

If you are asked to complete Form W-9 but do not have a TIN, apply for a TIN and write "Applied For" in the space for the TIN, sign and date the form, and give it to the requester. For interest and dividend payments, and certain payments made with respect to readily tradable instruments, generally you will have 60 days to get a TIN and give it to the requester before you are subject to backup withholding on payments. The 60-day rule does not apply to other types of payments. You will be subject to backup withholding on all such payments until you provide your TIN to

Note. Entering "Applied For" means that you have already applied for a TIN or that you intend to apply for one soon.

Caution: A disregarded U.S. entity that has a foreign owner must use the appropriate Form W-8. Form W-9 (Rev. 12-2014) Page **4** 

#### Part II. Certification

To establish to the withholding agent that you are a U.S. person, or resident alien, sign Form W-9. You may be requested to sign by the withholding agent even if items 1, 4, or 5 below indicate otherwise.

For a joint account, only the person whose TIN is shown in Part I should sign (when required). In the case of a disregarded entity, the person identified on line 1 must sign. Exempt payees, see Exempt payee code earlier.

Signature requirements. Complete the certification as indicated in items 1 through 5 below.

- Interest, dividend, and barter exchange accounts opened before 1984 and broker accounts considered active during 1983. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.
- 2. Interest, dividend, broker, and barter exchange accounts opened after 1983 and broker accounts considered inactive during 1983. You must sign the certification or backup withholding will apply. If you are subject to backup withholding and you are merely providing your correct TIN to the requester, you must cross out item 2 in the certification before signing the form.
- Real estate transactions. You must sign the certification. You may cross out item 2 of the certification.
- 4. Other payments. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification unless you have been notified that you have previously given an incorrect TIN. "Other payments" include payments made in the course of the requester's trade or business for rents, royalties, goods (other than bills for merchandise), medical and health care services (including payments to corporations), payments to a nonemployee for services, payments made in settlement of payment card and third party network transactions, payments to certain fishing boat crew members and fishermen, and gross proceeds paid to attorneys (including payments to corporations).
- 5. Mortgage interest paid by you, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, qualified tuition program payments (under section 529), IRA, Coverdell ESA, Archer MSA or HSA contributions or distributions, and pension distributions. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

# What Name and Number To Give the Requester

For this type of account:	Give name and SSN of:
Individual     Two or more individuals (joint account)	The individual The actual owner of the account or, if combined funds, the first individual on the account'
<ol> <li>Custodian account of a minor (Uniform Gift to Minors Act)</li> </ol>	The minor
a. The usual revocable savings trust (grantor is also trustee)     b. So-called trust account that is not a legal or valid trust under state law	The grantor-trustee' The actual owner'
<ol><li>Sole proprietorship or disregarded entity owned by an individual</li></ol>	The owner <sup>a</sup>
Grantor trust filing under Optional     Form 1099 Filing Method 1 (see     Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)     (A))	The grantor*
For this type of account:	Give name and EIN of:
<ol> <li>Disregarded entity not owned by an individual</li> </ol>	The owner
8. A valid trust, estate, or pension trust	Legal entity <sup>4</sup>
Corporation or LLC electing corporate status on Form 8832 or Form 2553	The corporation
Association, club, religious, charitable, educational, or other tax- exempt organization	The organization
11. Partnership or multi-member LLC	The partnership
12. A broker or registered nominee	The broker or nominee
<ol> <li>Account with the Department of Agriculture in the name of a public entity (such as a state or local government, school district, or prison) that receives agricultural program payments</li> </ol>	The public entity
14. Grantor trust filing under the Form 1041 Filing Method or the Optional Form 1099 Filing Method 2 (see Regulations section 1.671–4(b)(2)(i) (B))	The trust

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> List first and circle the name of the person whose number you furnish. If only one person on a joint account has an SSN, that person's number must be furnished.

<sup>3</sup> You must show your individual name and you may also enter your business or DBA name on the "Business name/disregarded entity" name line. You may use either your SSN or EIN (if you have one), but the IRS encourages you to use your SSN.

<sup>4</sup> List first and circle the name of the trust, estate, or pension trust. (Do not furnish the TIN of the personal representative or trustee unless the legal entity itself is not designated in the account title.) Also see Special rules for partnerships on page 2.

\*Note. Grantor also must provide a Form W-9 to trustee of trust.

**Note.** If no name is circled when more than one name is listed, the number will be considered to be that of the first name listed.

#### Secure Your Tax Records from Identity Theft

Identity theft occurs when someone uses your personal information such as your name, SSN, or other identifying information, without your permission, to commit fraud or other crimes. An identity thief may use your SSN to get a job or may file a tax return using your SSN to receive a refund.

To reduce your risk:

- · Protect your SSN,
- . Ensure your employer is protecting your SSN, and
- Be careful when choosing a tax preparer.

If your tax records are affected by identity theft and you receive a notice from the IRS, respond right away to the name and phone number printed on the IRS notice or letter.

If your tax records are not currently affected by identity theft but you think you are at risk due to a lost or stolen purse or wallet, questionable credit card activity or credit report, contact the IRS Identity Theft Hotline at 1-800-908-4490 or submit Form 14039.

For more information, see Publication 4535, Identity Theft Prevention and Victim Assistance.

Victims of identity theft who are experiencing economic harm or a system problem, or are seeking help in resolving tax problems that have not been resolved through normal channels, may be eligible for Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) assistance. You can reach TAS by calling the TAS toll-free case intake line at 1-877-777-4778 or TTY/TDD 1-800-829-4059.

Protect yourself from suspicious emails or phishing schemes. Phishing is the creation and use of email and websites designed to mimic legitimate business emails and websites. The most common act is sending an email to a user falsely claiming to be an established legitimate enterprise in an attempt to scam the user into surrendering private information that will be used for identity theft.

The IRS does not initiate contacts with taxpayers via emails. Also, the IRS does not request personal detailed information through email or ask taxpayers for the PIN numbers, passwords, or similar secret access information for their credit card, bank, or other financial accounts.

If you receive an unsolicited email claiming to be from the IRS, forward this message to phishing@irs.gov. You may also report misuse of the IRS name, logo, or other IRS property to the Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration (TIGTA) at 1-800-366-4484. You can forward suspicious emails to the Federal Trade Commission at: spam@uce.gov or contact them at www.ftc.gov/idtheft or 1-877-IDTHEFT (1-877-438-4338).

Visit IRS.gov to learn more about identity theft and how to reduce your risk.

#### Privacy Act Notice

Section 6109 of the Internal Revenue Code requires you to provide your correct TIN to persons (including federal agencies) who are required to file information returns with the IRS to report interest, dividends, or certain other income paid to you; mortgage interest you paid; the acquisition or abandonment of secured property; the cancellation of debt; or contributions you made to an IRA, Archer MSA, or HSA. The person collecting this form uses the information on the form to file information returns with the IRS, reporting the above information. Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. commonwealths and possessions for use in administering their laws. The information also may be disclosed to other countries under a treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce civil and criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism. You must provide your TIN whether or not you are required to file a tax return. Under section 3406, payers must generally withhold a percentage of taxable interest, dividend, and certain other payments to a payee who does not give a TIN to the payer. Certain penalties may also apply for providing false or fraudulent information.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Circle the minor's name and furnish the minor's SSN.

# 2015 Withholding Exemption Certificate

**590** 

The payee completes this form and submits it to the withholding agent.								
Withholding Agent (Type or print)								
Name								
Payee			_					
Name	∟ss	N or ITIN	N ∐ FE	EIN CA Corp no. CA SOS file no.				
Address (apt/ste., room, PO Box, or PMB no.)								
Autor (aparete, reem, r o on, or mo ner,								
City (If you have a foreign address, see instructions.)		5	State	ZIP Code				
		.		<u> </u>				
Exemption Reason								
Check only one reason box below that applies to the payee.								
By checking the appropriate box below, the Payee certifies the reason for the exemption from requirements on payment(s) made to the entity or individual.	m the C	Californ	nia ir	ncome tax withholding				
☐ Individuals — Certification of Residency: I am a resident of California and I reside at the address shown above. If I become a notify the withholding agent. See instructions for General Information D, Definitions		siden	ıt at a	any time, I will promptly				
Corporations:  The corporation has a permanent place of business in California at the address sh California Secretary of State (SOS) to do business in California. The corporation w corporation ceases to have a permanent place of business in California or ceases the withholding agent. See instructions for General Information D, Definitions.	own ab ill file a	Califo	ornia	tax return. If this				
California SOS, and is subject to the laws of California. The partnership or LLC will	Partnerships or Limited Liability Companies (LLCs): The partnership or LLC has a permanent place of business in California at the address shown above or is registered with the California SOS, and is subject to the laws of California. The partnership or LLC will file a California tax return. If the partnership or LLC ceases to do any of the above, I will promptly inform the withholding agent. For withholding purposes, a limited liability							
☐ Tax-Exempt Entities:  The entity is exempt from tax under California Revenue and Taxation Code (R&TC) Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c) (insert number). If this entity ceases the withholding agent. Individuals cannot be tax-exempt entities.								
Insurance Companies, Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRAs), or Qualified P The entity is an insurance company, IRA, or a federally qualified pension or profit-s			it Sh	aring Plans:				
California Trusts: At least one trustee and one noncontingent beneficiary of the above-named trust is California fiduciary tax return. If the trustee or noncontingent beneficiary becomes notify the withholding agent.								
☐ Estates — Certification of Residency of Deceased Person:  I am the executor of the above-named person's estate or trust. The decedent was a The estate will file a California fiduciary tax return.	a Califo	rnia re	eside	ent at the time of death.				
Nonmilitary Spouse of a Military Servicemember: I am a nonmilitary spouse of a military servicemember and I meet the Military Spourequirements. See instructions for General Information E, MSRRA.	use Re	siden	cy Re	elief Act (MSRRA)				
CERTIFICATE OF PAYEE: Payee must complete and sign below.								
Under penalties of perjury, I hereby certify that the information provided in this document is, correct. If conditions change, I will promptly notify the withholding agent.	to the I	best o	of my	knowledge, true and				
Payee's name and title (type or print)	Telepho	one (_		)				
Payee's signature ▶		D	ate_					

# 2015 Instructions for Form 590

Withholding Exemption Certificate

References in these instructions are to the California Revenue and Taxation Code (R&TC).

#### **General Information**

Registered Domestic Partners (RDP) – For purposes of California income tax, references to a spouse, husband, or wife also refer to a Registered Domestic Partner (RDP) unless otherwise specified. For more information on RDPs, get FTB Pub. 737, Tax Information for Registered Domestic Partners.

#### A Purpose

Use Form 590, Withholding Exemption Certificate, to certify an exemption from nonresident withholding.

Form 590 does not apply to payments of backup withholding. For information on California backup withholding, go to **ftb.ca.gov** and search for **backup withholding**.

Form 590 does not apply to payments for wages to employees. Wage withholding is administered by the California Employment Development Department (EDD). For more information, go to edd.ca.gov or call 888 745 3886.

Do not use Form 590 to certify an exemption from withholding if you are a Seller of California real estate. Sellers of California real estate use Form 593-C, Real Estate Withholding Certificate, to claim an exemption from real estate withholding.

The following are excluded from withholding and completing this form:

- The United States and any of its agencies or instrumentalities.
- A state, a possession of the United States, the District of Columbia, or any of its political subdivisions or instrumentalities.
- A foreign government or any of its political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities.

# B Income Subject to Withholding

California Revenue and Taxation Code (R&TC) Section 18662 requires withholding of income or franchise tax on payments of California source income made to nonresidents of California.

Withholding is required on the following, but is not limited to:

- Payments to nonresidents for services rendered in California.
- Distributions of California source income made to domestic nonresident partners, members, and S corporation shareholders and allocations of California source income made to foreign partners and members.
- Payments to nonresidents for rents if the payments are made in the course of the withholding agent's business.

- Payments to nonresidents for royalties from activities sourced to California.
- Distributions of California source income to nonresident beneficiaries from an estate or trust.
- Endorsement payments received for services performed in California.
- Prizes and winnings received by nonresidents for contests in California.

However, withholding is optional if the total payments of California source income are \$1,500 or less during the calendar year.

For more information on withholding get FTB Pub. 1017, Resident and Nonresident Withholding Guidelines. To get a withholding publication, see Additional Information.

#### C Who Certifies this Form

Form 590 is certified by the payee. California residents or entities exempt from the withholding requirement should complete Form 590 and submit it to the withholding agent before payment is made. The withholding agent is then relieved of the withholding requirements if the agent relies in good faith on a completed and signed Form 590 unless notified by the Franchise Tax Board (FTB) that the form should not be relied upon.

An incomplete certificate is invalid and the withholding agent should not accept it. If the withholding agent receives an incomplete certificate, the withholding agent is required to withhold tax on payments made to the payee until a valid certificate is received. In lieu of a completed certificate on the preprinted form, the withholding agent may accept as a substitute certificate a letter from the payee explaining why the payee is not subject to withholding. The letter must contain all the information required on the certificate in similar language, including the under penalty of perjury statement and the payee's taxpayer identification number. The withholding agent must retain a copy of the certificate or substitute for at least four years after the last payment to which the certificate applies, and provide it upon request to the FTB.

For example, if an entertainer (or the entertainer's business entity) is paid for a performance, the entertainer's information must be provided. **Do not** submit the entertainer's agent or promoter information.

The grantor of a grantor trust shall be treated as the payee for withholding purposes. Therefore, if the payee is a grantor trust and one or more of the grantors is a nonresident, withholding is required. If all of the grantors on the trust are residents, no withholding is required. Resident grantors can check the box on Form 590 labeled "Individuals — Certification of Residency."

#### **D** Definitions

For California non-wage withholding purposes, nonresident includes all of the following:

- Individuals who are not residents of California.
- Corporations not qualified through the California Secretary of State (CA SOS) to do business in California or having no permanent place of business in California.
- Partnerships or limited liability companies (LLCs) with no permanent place of business in California.
- Any trust without a resident grantor, beneficiary, or trustee, or estates where the decedent was not a California resident.

Foreign refers to non-U.S.

For more information about determining resident status, get FTB Pub. 1031, Guidelines for Determining Resident Status. Military servicemembers have special rules for residency. For more information, get FTB Pub. 1032, Tax Information for Military Personnel.

#### Permanent Place of Business:

A corporation has a permanent place of business in California if it is organized and existing under the laws of California or if it is a foreign corporation qualified to transact intrastate business by the CA SOS. A corporation that has not qualified to transact intrastate business (e.g., a corporation engaged exclusively in interstate commerce) will be considered as having a permanent place of business in California only if it maintains a permanent office in California that is permanently staffed by its employees.

# E Military Spouse Residency Relief Act (MSRRA)

Generally, for tax purposes you are considered to maintain your existing residence or domicile. If a military servicemember and nonmilitary spouse have the same state of domicile, the MSRRA provides:

- A spouse shall not be deemed to have lost a residence or domicile in any state solely by reason of being absent to be with the servicemember serving in compliance with military orders.
- A spouse shall not be deemed to have acquired a residence or domicile in any other state solely by reason of being there to be with the servicemember serving in compliance with military orders.

Domicile is defined as the one place:

- Where you maintain a true, fixed, and permanent home.
- To which you intend to return whenever you are absent.

A military servicemember's nonmilitary spouse is considered a nonresident for tax purposes if the servicemember and spouse have the same domicile outside of California and the spouse is in California solely to be with the servicemember who is serving in compliance with Permanent Change of Station orders.

California may require nonmilitary spouses of military servicemembers to provide proof that they meet the criteria for California personal income tax exemption as set forth in the MSRRA

Income of a military servicemember's nonmilitary spouse for services performed in California is not California source income subject to state tax if the spouse is in California to be with the servicemember serving in compliance with military orders, and the servicemember and spouse have the same domicile in a state other than California.

For additional information or assistance in determining whether the applicant meets the MSRRA requirements, get FTB Pub. 1032.

# **Specific Instructions**

#### Pavee Instructions

Enter the withholding agent's name.

Enter the payee's information, including the taxpayer identification number (TIN) and check the appropriate TIN box.

You must provide an acceptable TIN as requested on this form. The following are acceptable TINs: social security number (SSN); individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN); federal employer identification number (FEIN); California corporation number (CA Corp. no.); or CA SOS file number.

Private Mail Box (PMB) - Include the PMB in the address field. Write "PMB" first, then the box number. Example: 111 Main Street PMB 123.

Foreign Address - Enter the information in the following order: City, Country, Province/ Region, and Postal Code. Follow the country's practice for entering the postal code. Do not abbreviate the country's name.

Check the box that reflects the reason why the payee is exempt from the California income tax withholding requirement.

#### Withholding Agent Instructions

Keep Form 590 for your records. Do not send this form to the FTB unless it has been specifically requested.

For more information, contact Withholding Services and Compliance, see Additional Information.

The pavee must notify the withholding agent if any of the following situations occur:

- The individual payee becomes a nonresident.
- The corporation ceases to have a permanent place of business in California or ceases to be qualified to do business in California.
- The partnership ceases to have a permanent place of business in California.
- The LLC ceases to have a permanent place of business in California.
- The tax-exempt entity loses its tax-exempt status.

If any of these situations occur, then withholding may be required. For more information, get Form 592, Resident and Nonresident Withholding Statement, Form 592-B, Resident and Nonresident Withholding Tax Statement, and Form 592-V, Payment Voucher for Resident and Nonresident Withholding.

#### Additional Information

For additional information or to speak to a representative regarding this form, call the Withholding Services and Compliance telephone service at:

Telephone: 888.792.4900 916.845.4900 916.845.9512 Fax:

OR write to:

WITHHOLDING SERVICES AND COMPLIANCE MS F182 FRANCHISE TAX BOARD PO BOX 942867 SACRAMENTO CA 94267-0651

You can download, view, and print California tax forms and publications at ftb.ca.gov.

OR to get forms by mail write to:

TAX FORMS REQUEST UNIT FRANCHISE TAX BOARD PO BOX 307 RANCHO CORDOVA CA 95741-0307

For all other questions unrelated to withholding or to access the TTY/TDD numbers, see the information below.

#### Internet and Telephone Assistance

Website: **ftb.ca.gov** Telephone: 800.852.5711 from within the

United States

916.845.6500 from outside the

United States

TTY/TDD: 800.822.6268 for persons with

hearing or speech impairments

#### Asistencia Por Internet y Teléfono

Sitio web: ftb.ca.gov Teléfono: 800.852.5711 dentro de los

Estados Unidos

916.845.6500 fuera de los Estados

Unidos

800.822.6268 para personas con TTY/TDD:

discapacidades auditivas

o del habla

# Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, and Other Responsibility Matters

The prospective participant certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief that it and the principals:

- (a) Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from covered transactions by any Federal department or agency;
- (b) Have not within a three year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgement rendered against them or commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State, or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction: violation of Federal or State antitrust statute or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property:
- (c) Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a government entity (Federal, State, or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (b) of this certification; and
- (d) Have not within a three-year period preceding this application/proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State, or local) terminated for cause or default.

I understand that a false statement on this certification may be grounds for rejection of this proposal or termination of the award. In addition, under 18 USC Sec. 1001, a false statement may result in a fine of up to \$10,000 or imprisonment for up to 5 years, or both.

Typed Name & Title of Authorized Representative
Signature of Authorized Representative Date
☐ I am unable to certify to the above statements. My explanation is attached.
EPA Form 5700-49 (11-88)



# CAMPAIGN CONTRIBUTIONS DISCLOSURE

In accordance with California law, bidders and contracting parties are required to disclose, at the time the application is filed, information relating to any campaign contributions made to South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) Board Members or members/alternates of the MSRC, including: the name of the party making the contribution (which includes any parent, subsidiary or otherwise related business entity, as defined below), the amount of the contribution, and the date the contribution was made. 2 C.C.R. § 18438.8(b).

California law prohibits a party, or an agent, from making campaign contributions to SCAQMD Governing Board Members or members/alternates of the Mobile Source Air Pollution Reduction Review Committee (MSRC) of more than \$250 while their contract or permit is pending before SCAQMD; and further prohibits a campaign contribution from being made for three (3) months following the date of the final decision by the Governing Board or the MSRC on a donor's contract or permit. Gov't Code §84308(d). For purposes of reaching the \$250 limit, the campaign contributions of the bidder or contractor plus contributions by its parents, affiliates, and related companies of the contractor or bidder are added together. 2 C.C.R. §18438.5.

In addition, SCAQMD Board Members or members/alternates of the MSRC must abstain from voting on a contract or permit if they have received a campaign contribution from a party or participant to the proceeding, or agent, totaling more than \$250 in the 12-month period prior to the consideration of the item by the Governing Board or the MSRC. Gov't Code §84308(c).

The list of current SCAQMD Governing Board Members can be found at SCAQMD website (<a href="www.aqmd.gov">www.aqmd.gov</a>). The list of current MSRC members/alternates can be found at the MSRC website (<a href="http://www.cleantransportationfunding.org">http://www.cleantransportationfunding.org</a>).

# SECTION I.

Contractor (Logal Name)

Confidence (Legal Nai	nie)
DBA, Name	, County Filed in
Corporation, ID N	No
LLC/LLP, ID No	
(See definition below)  SECTION II.	
contribution(s) totalin	or any parent, subsidiary, or affiliated company, or agent thereof, made a campaign g \$250 or more in the aggregate to a current member of the South Coast Air Quality ning Board or member/alternate of the MSRC in the 12 months preceding the date of osure?
Yes No	If YES, complete Section II below and then sign and date the form. If NO, sign and date below. Include this form with your submittal.

# Campaign Contributions Disclosure, continued:

Name of Contributor		
Governing Board Member or MSRC Member/Alternate	Amount of Contribution	Date of Contribution
Name of Contributor		
Governing Board Member or MSRC Member/Alternate	Amount of Contribution	Date of Contribution
Name of Contributor		
Governing Board Member or MSRC Member/Alternate	Amount of Contribution	Date of Contribution
Name of Contributor		
Governing Board Member or MSRC Member/Alternate	Amount of Contribution	Date of Contribution
I declare the foregoing disclosures to be tru	e and correct.	
Ву:		
Title:		
Date:		

# **DEFINITIONS**

Parent, Subsidiary, or Otherwise Related Business Entity (2 Cal. Code of Regs., §18703.1(d).)

- (1) Parent subsidiary. A parent subsidiary relationship exists when one corporation directly or indirectly owns shares possessing more than 50 percent of the voting power of another corporation.
- (2) Otherwise related business entity. Business entities, including corporations, partnerships, joint ventures and any other organizations and enterprises operated for profit, which do not have a parent subsidiary relationship are otherwise related if any one of the following three tests is met:
  - (A) One business entity has a controlling ownership interest in the other business entity.
  - (B) There is shared management and control between the entities. In determining whether there is shared management and control, consideration should be given to the following factors:
    - (i) The same person or substantially the same person owns and manages the two entities;
    - (ii) There are common or commingled funds or assets;
    - (iii) The business entities share the use of the same offices or employees, or otherwise share activities, resources or personnel on a regular basis;
    - (iv) There is otherwise a regular and close working relationship between the entities; or
  - (C) A controlling owner (50% or greater interest as a shareholder or as a general partner) in one entity also is a controlling owner in the other entity.

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# Direct Deposit Authorization

STEP	1: Please check all the appro	priate boxes	OSIL Adilio	nization.		
☐ In	dividual (Employee, Governing Boar endor/Contractor	-	☐ New Req	quest Direct Deposit	<b>.</b>	
□ c	hanged Information		☐ Cancer ≥	lieu Debos	ι	
STEP Last Nam	2: Payee Information	Name		Middle Initial	Title	
Laor		Name		Middle	1145	
Vendor/C	Contractor Business Name (if applicable)					
Address				Apartment or	P.O. Box Number	
City			State	Zip	Country	
Taxpaye	r ID Number	Telephone Number	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Email Address	
Autho	<b>Drization</b> I authorize South Coast Air Quality	Management Dist	trict (SCAOMD	) to direct de	enneit funds to my ac	ecount in the financial
1.	institution as indicated below. I und	derstand that the a	authorization ma	ay be rejecte	ed or discontinued b	y SCAQMD at any time.
	If any of the above information char stopped before closing an account,					
2	payment. This authorization remains in effect					
2. 3.	I hereby release and hold harmless	SCAQMD for any	y claims or liabi	ility to pay fo	r any losses or cost	s related to insufficient
	fund transactions that result from fa monies into my account.	ilure within the Au	itomated Cleari	ing House ne	etwork to correctly a	nd timely deposit
STEP	•					
You m	ust verify that your bank is a membe					
your pa below.	ayment. You must attach a voided c	heck or have your	bank complete	e the bank in	iformation and the a	ccount holder must sign
		To be Com	pleted by yo	ur Bank		
စ္	Name of Bank/Institution					
He						
쑹	Account Holder Name(s)					
Check Here						
	F	Account Number			Routing Number	
Staple Voided	☐ Saving ☐ Checking					
<b>^</b>	Bank Representative Printed Name	E	Bank Representative	e Signature		Date
ple						
Sta						Date
	ACCOUNT HOLDER SIGNA	TURE:				

Input By \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

For SCAQMD Use Only